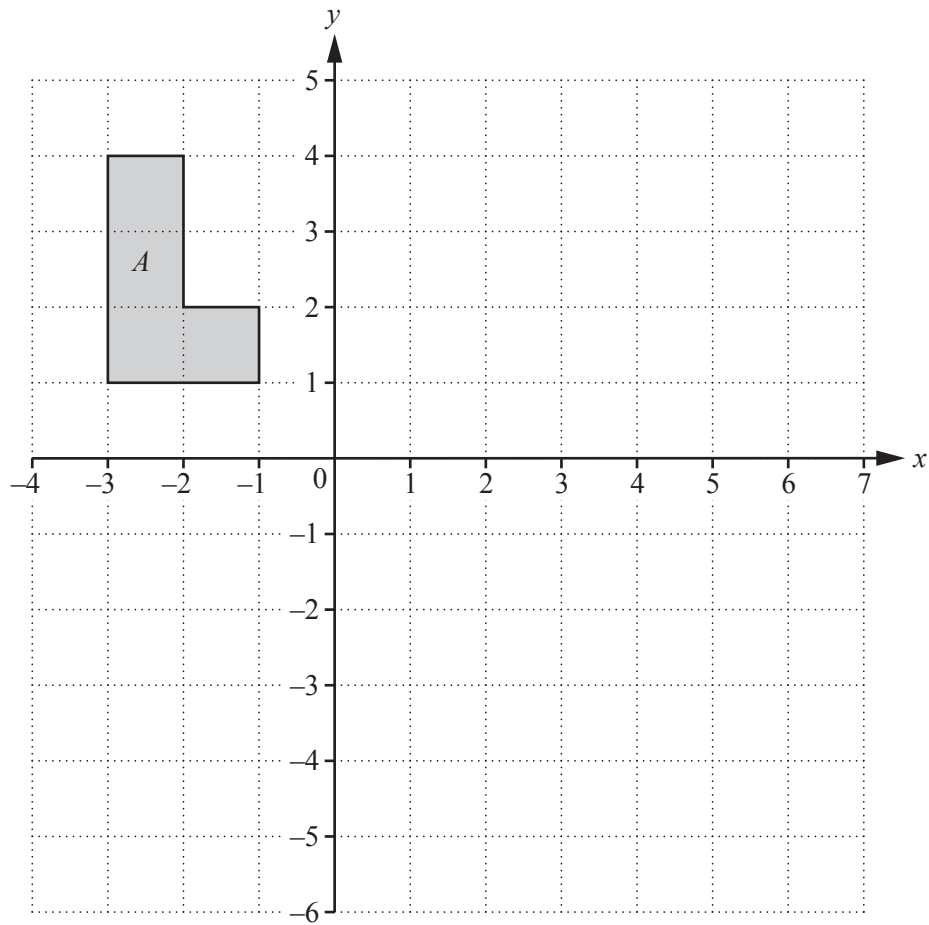


Matrices Transformations



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3 (a)



On the grid, draw the image of

(i) shape A after a reflection in the line $x = 1$, [2]

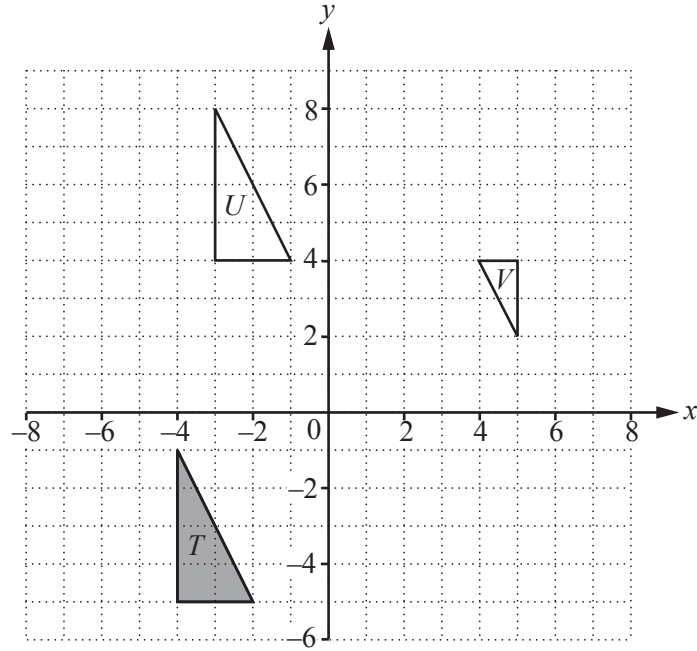
(ii) shape A after an enlargement with scale factor -2 , centre $(0, 1)$, [2]

(iii) shape A after the transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. [3]

(b) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

.....

..... [3]



(a) (i) Draw the image of triangle T after a reflection in the line $x = 0$. [2]

(ii) Draw the image of triangle T after a rotation through 90° clockwise about $(-2, -1)$. [2]

(iii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle U .

.....
 [2]

(iv) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle V .

.....
 [3]

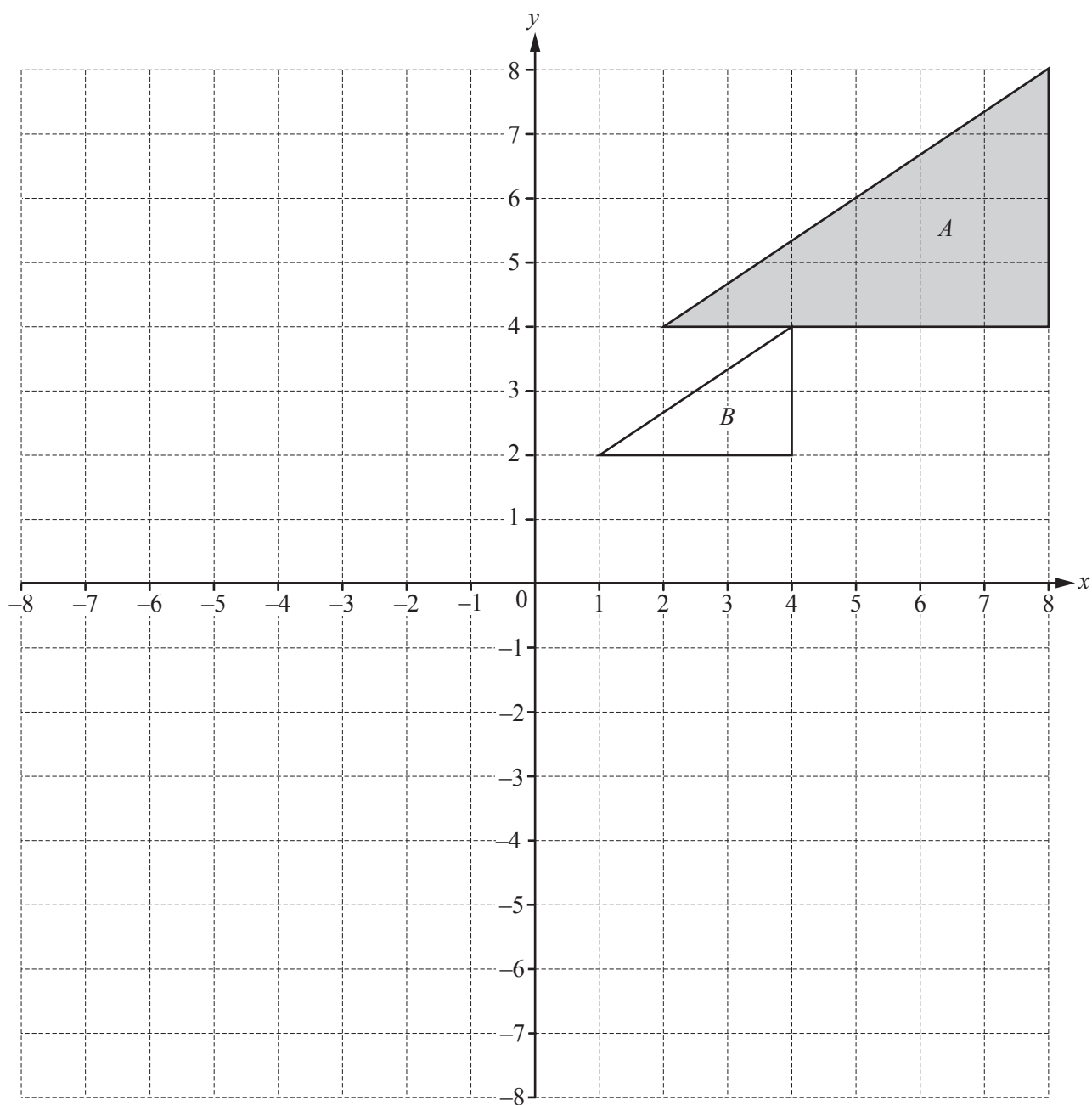
(b) (i) Find the matrix that represents the transformation in **part (a)(i)**.

$\begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \end{pmatrix}$ [2]

(ii) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by the inverse of the matrix in **part (b)(i)**.

.....
 [2]

5



(a) $\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}$

(i) Draw the image of triangle A after the translation by vector \mathbf{v} .

[2]

(ii) Calculate $|\mathbf{v}|$.

..... [2]

- (b) (i) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B .

.....

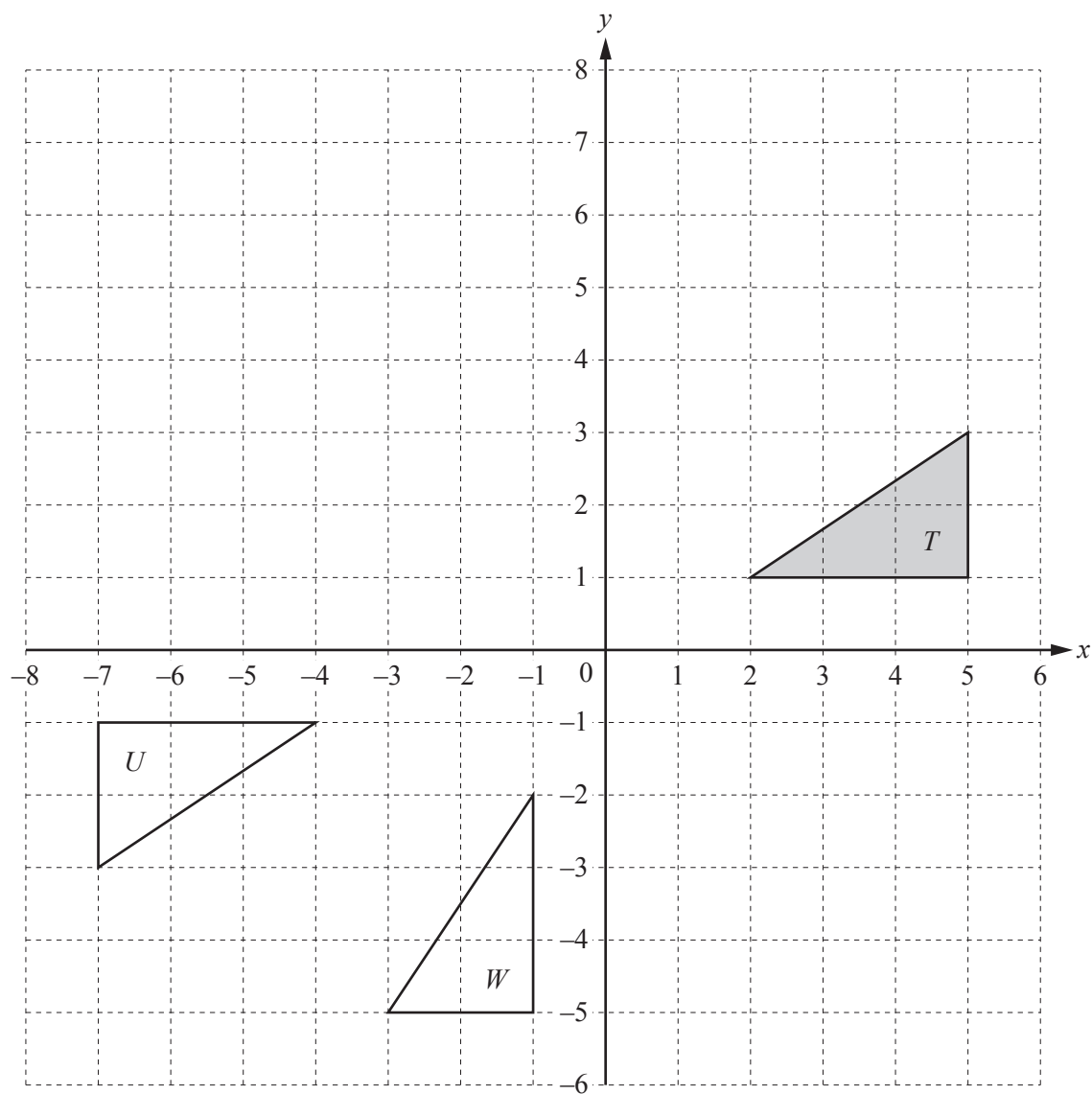
..... [3]

- (ii) Find the matrix that represents the transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B .

$\left(\begin{array}{cc} & \\ & \end{array} \right)$ [2]

- (iii) Calculate the determinant of the matrix in **part (b)(ii)**.

..... [1]



(a) On the grid, draw the image of

(i) triangle T after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]

(ii) triangle T after a reflection in the line $y = -1$. [2]

- (b) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle U .

Answer(b)

..... [3]

- (c) (i) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle W .

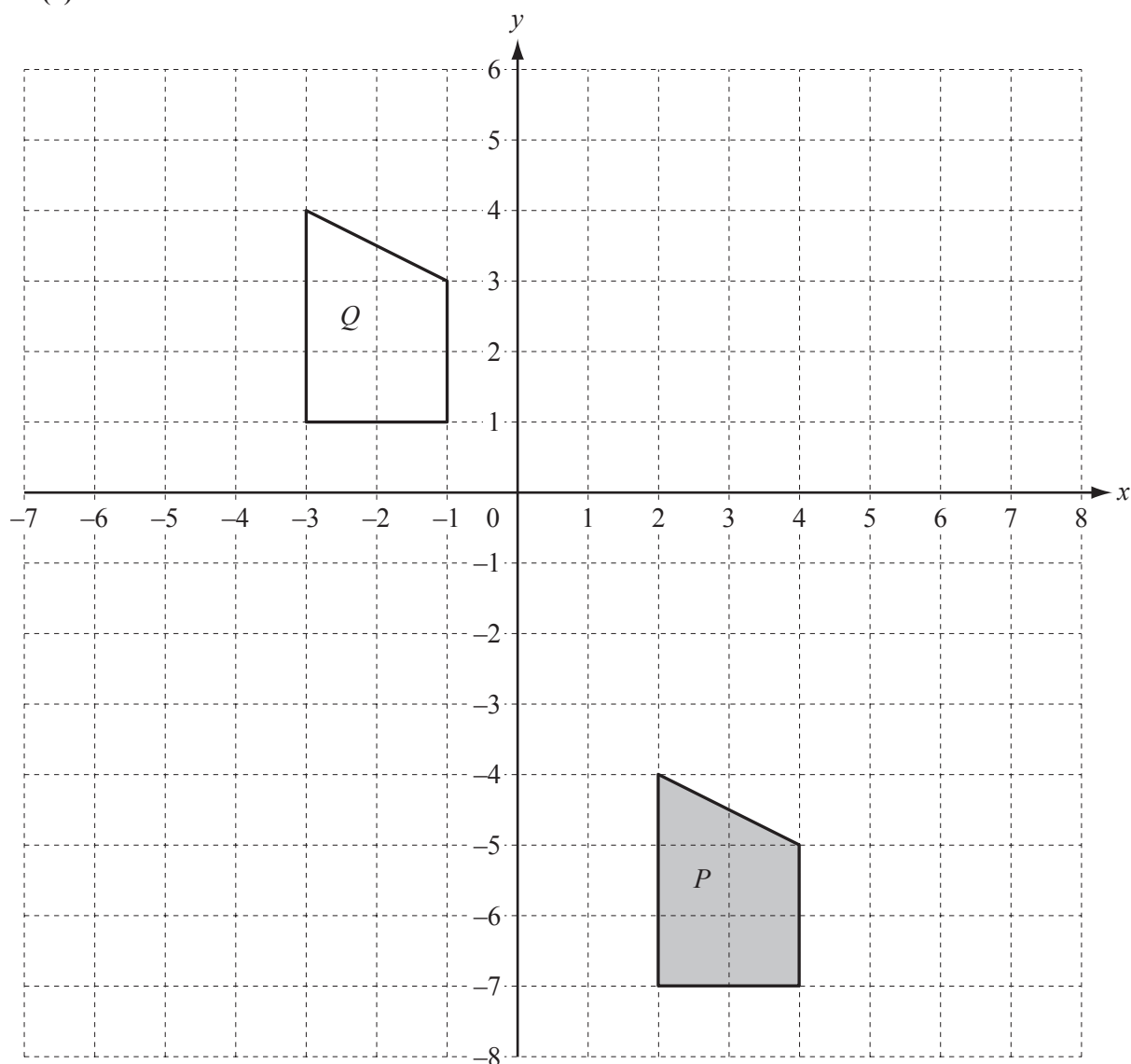
Answer(c)(i)

..... [2]

- (ii) Find the 2×2 matrix that represents the transformation in **part (c)(i)**.

Answer(c)(ii) $\left(\begin{array}{cc} & \\ & \end{array} \right)$ [2]

2 (a)



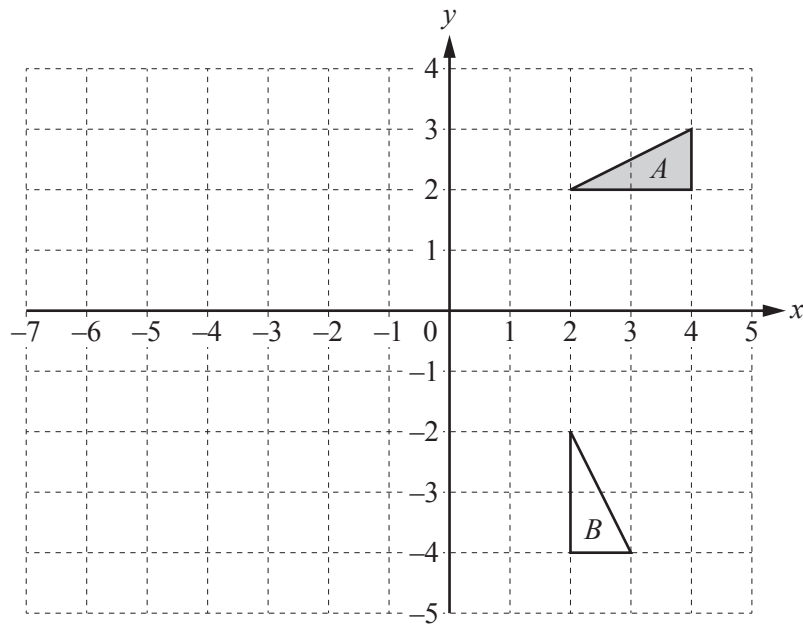
- (i) Describe fully the **single** transformation which maps shape *P* onto shape *Q*.

Answer(a)(i) [2]

- (ii) On the grid above, draw the image of shape *P* after reflection in the line $y = -1$. [2]

- (iii) On the grid above, draw the image of shape *P* under the transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. [3]

(c)



- (i) On the grid, draw the image of triangle A after the transformation represented by the

$$\text{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1.5 & 0 \\ 0 & -1.5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

[3]

- (ii) Find the 2×2 matrix which represents the transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B .

$$\text{Answer}(c)(ii) \quad \left(\begin{array}{cc} & \\ & \end{array} \right) \quad [2]$$

Question 11 is printed on the next page.

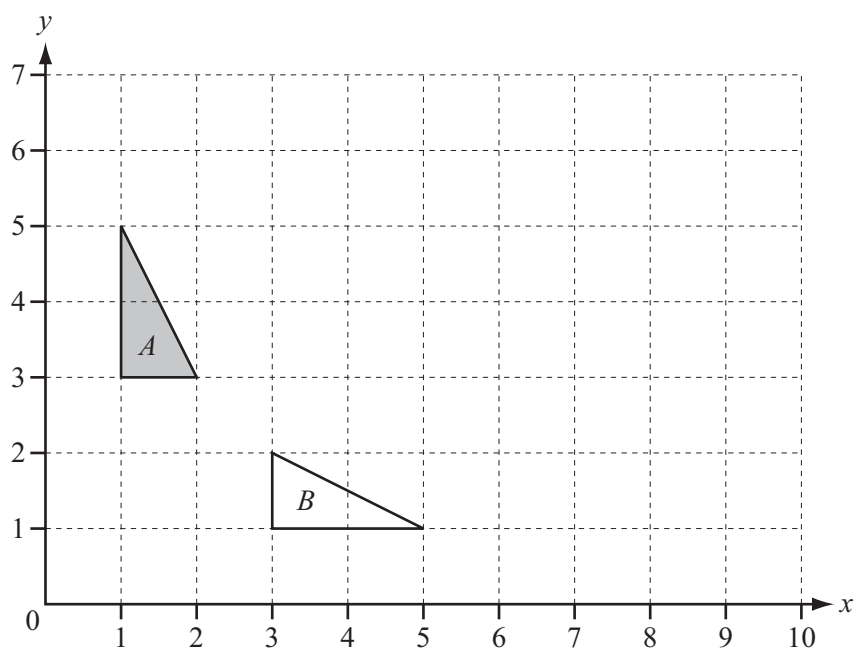
19 (a) $\mathbf{N} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by \mathbf{N} .

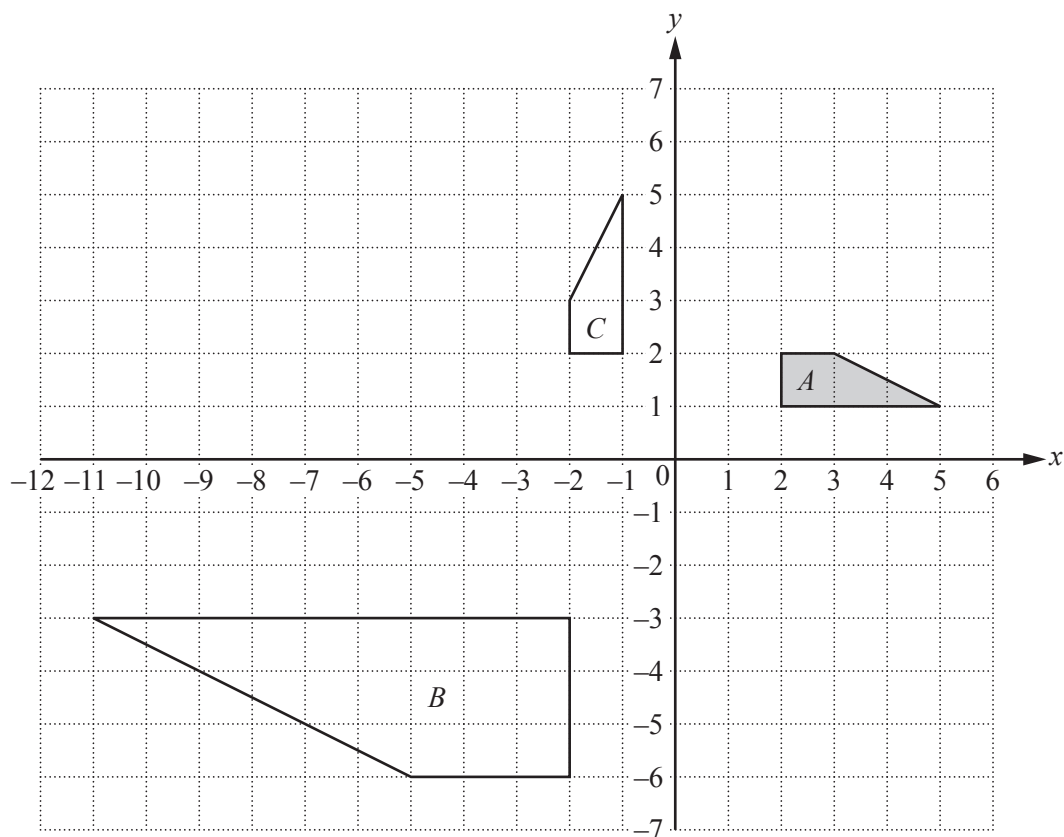
Answer(a)

..... [3]

(b) Find the matrix which represents the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B .



Answer(b) $\begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \end{pmatrix}$ [2]



(a) Draw the image of

(i) shape A after a translation by $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]

(ii) shape A after a rotation through 180° about the point $(0, 0)$, [2]

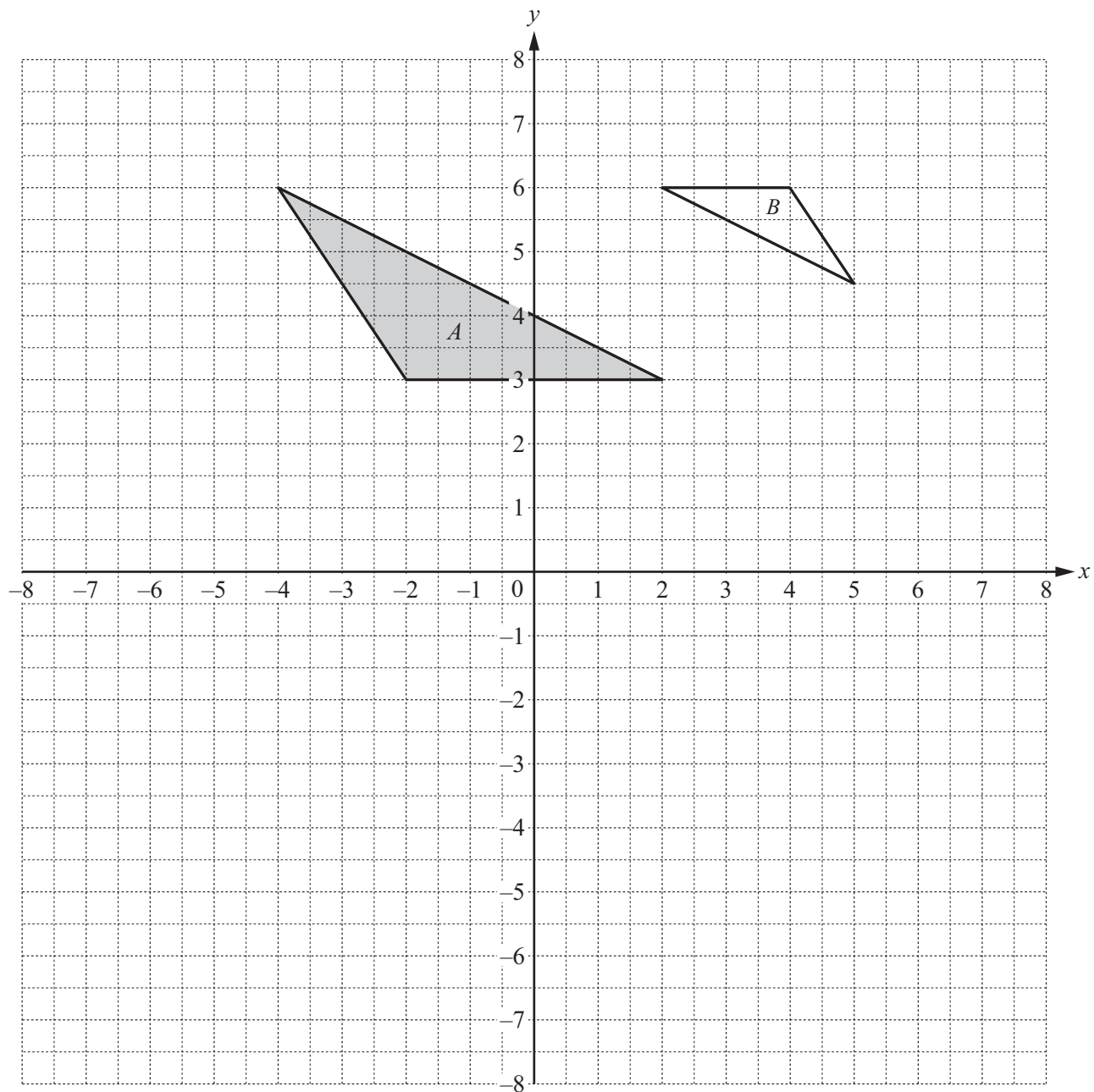
(iii) shape A after the transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$. [3]

(b) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps shape A onto shape B .

Answer(b) [3]

(c) Find the matrix which represents the transformation that maps shape A onto shape C .

Answer(c) $\begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \end{pmatrix}$ [2]



- (a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B .

Answer(a)

..... [3]

(b) On the grid, draw the image of

(i) triangle A after a reflection in the line $x = -3$, [2]

(ii) triangle A after a rotation about the origin through 270° anticlockwise, [2]

(iii) triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]

(c) \mathbf{M} is the matrix that represents the transformation in **part (b)(ii)**.

(i) Find \mathbf{M} .

Answer(c)(i) $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \end{pmatrix}$ [2]

(ii) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by \mathbf{M}^{-1} , the inverse of \mathbf{M} .

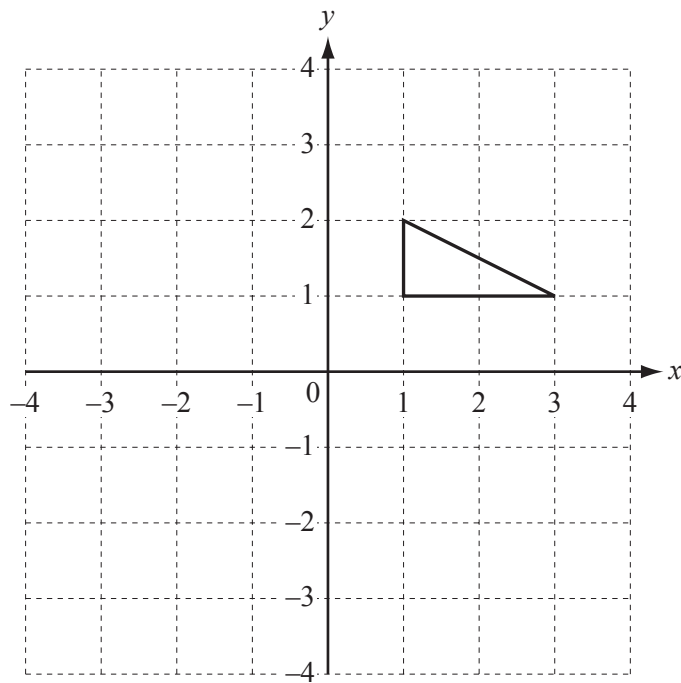
Answer(c)(ii)

..... [2]

- 17 (p, q) is the image of the point (x, y) under this combined transformation.

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ q \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Draw the image of the triangle under the combined transformation.



[3]

- (b) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Answer (b) [2]